<u>Bealings School</u> <u>Modern Foreign Languages –</u> <u>Progression of skills</u>



	EYFS (Communication and language; Understanding the world)	Years 1 and 2	Years 3 and 4	Years 5 and 6
Speaking (usually, but not always, French)	 copy pronunciation accurately join in with songs, rhymes, single words or short phrases 	 join in with a rhyme, story or song respond to familiar questions using single words, or simple phrases 	 repeat accurately using the correct pronunciation communicate using single words, phrases and short sentences ask and answer questions on several topics 	 Communicate by asking a wider range of questions understand and express simple opinions join in a short conversation use spoken language confidently
Listening (usually, but not always, French)	 show understanding by simple response or action listen carefully to correct pronunciation 	 listen and respond to simple stories and songs recognise and respond to sound patterns and words understand classroom instructions 	 identify specific sounds, phonemes and words listen carefully and respond listen to and identify words and short phrases 	 listen to and understand the main points and some details from a short spoken passage
Intercultural understanding	 explain some similarities and differences between life in this country and life in other countries, drawing on knowledge from stories, non-fiction texts and – when appropriate – maps (ELG) 	 compare traditional stories, songs and playground games (France) 	 recognise that children in our school speak different languages learn about festivals and celebrations in different cultures 	 recognise similarities and difference between our everyday lives and those of others recognise and understand a shared history and compare attitudes to everyday life

		 children will use French for real purpose, through our French cafe they will be exposed to different types of communication in French (letter, email), as well as encountering authentic fiction and non-fiction texts
Reading (usually, but not always, French)	 read and understand familiar written words and short phrases read and understand some familiar words and phrases and pronounce them accurately 	 read different genres of writing use different language learning strategies to help de-code unfamiliar language
Writing (usually, but not always, French)	 accurately copy some familiar, simple words and phrases write some familiar words using a model and some phrases from memory 	 write a few sentences using a model which are joined using simple conjunctions write several sentences from memory including using 1st and 3rd person singular forms of familiar verbs
Grammar (French)	 understand that nouns can be masculine or feminine recognise when a sentence is negative be aware that most adjectives come after the noun in French 	 know how to make a sentence negative know that adjectives agree with the noun recognise that adjectives have feminine and masculine forms learn how to conjugate regular 'er' verbs recognise the most familiar, irregular verbs (to be, to have)